EVALUATION OF DIETARY INCLUSION OF INSECT MEAL AND POULTRY BY-PRODUCT MEAL IN COMBINATION TO PLANT PROTEIN-RICH

INGREDIENTS ON STRESS RESPONSE AND NUTRITIONAL STATUS OF



RAINBOW TROUT Oncorhynchus mykiss

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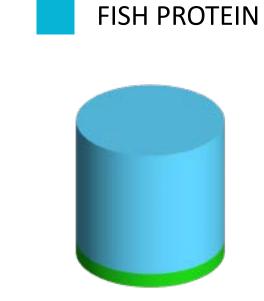


FONDAZIONE

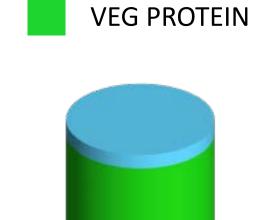
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EXPERIMENTAL DIETS

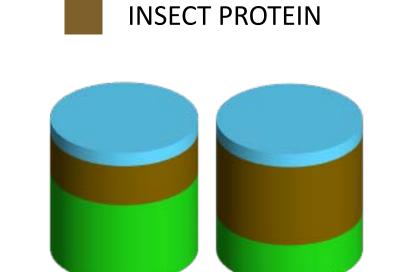
SIX EXTRUDED ISOPROTEIC (42% DM) AND ISOLIPIDIC (24% DM) DIETS



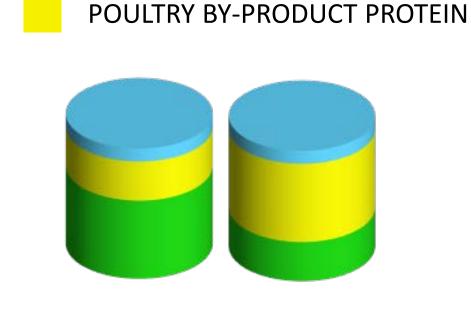
CF - control fish diet with 90:10 and 80:20 ratios between fish and a vegetable mix derived proteins and lipid, respectively



CV - control vegetable mix diet with inverted ratios respect to CF diet (10:90 and 20:80 respectively)



IM30-IM60 - two insect meal (Hermetia illucens larvae) based diets with 30% and 60% replacement of vegetable protein



PBM30-PBM60 - two poultry by-product meal based diets with 30% and 60% replacement of vegetable protein

FEEDING TRIAL

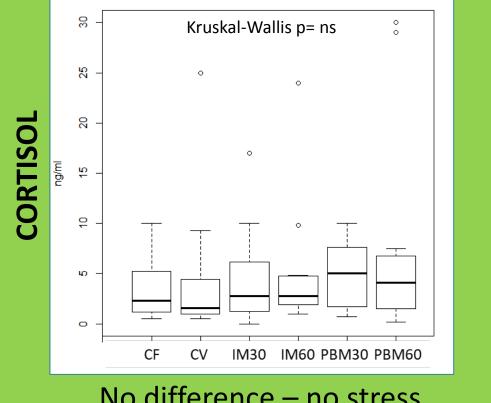
EXP DESIGN: 6 diets in triplicate **FISH:** 54.2±1.45 g BW TANKS: 1600 I flow-through **TEMPERATURE:** 13°C **FEEDING**: twice a day/6 days a week **DURATION:** 13 weeks



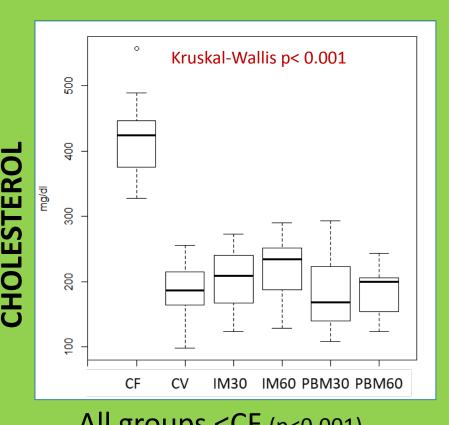


ANAESTHESIA: 100 mg/l MS 222 **BLOOD SAMPLING:** caudal withdrawal FISH: 5x3 fish for each diet **BLOOD PARAMETERS**: COR, GLU, CHO, TAG, TP, ALB, AST, ALT **METHODS**: chemiluniscence immune assay, spectrophotometric tests1

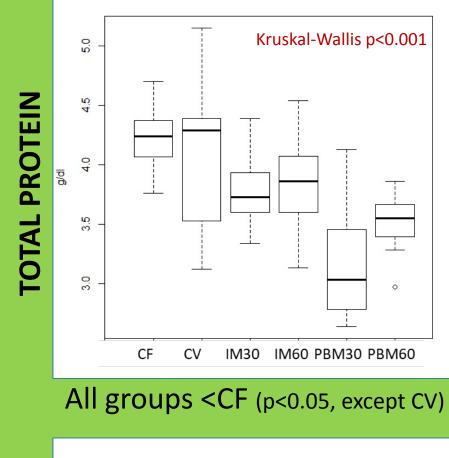
PHYSIOLOGICAL RESPONSE

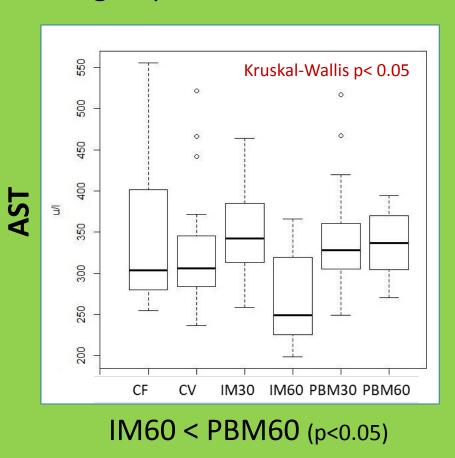


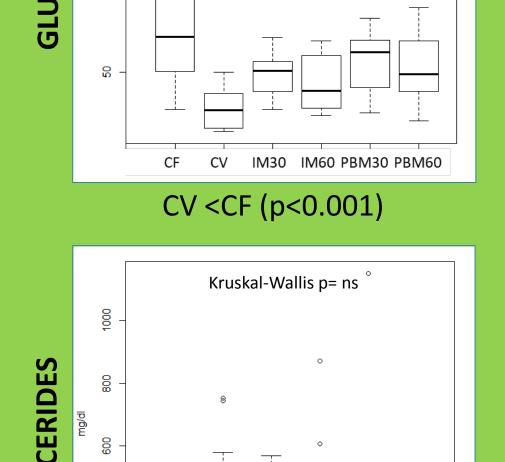


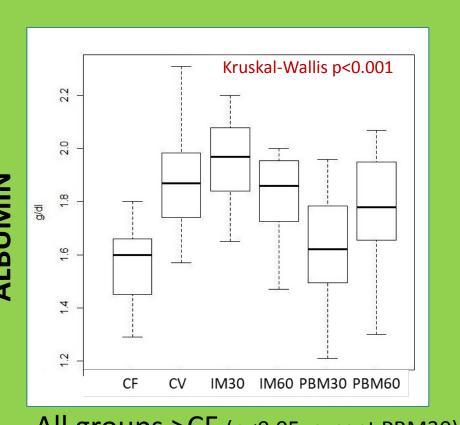


All groups <CF (p<0.001)



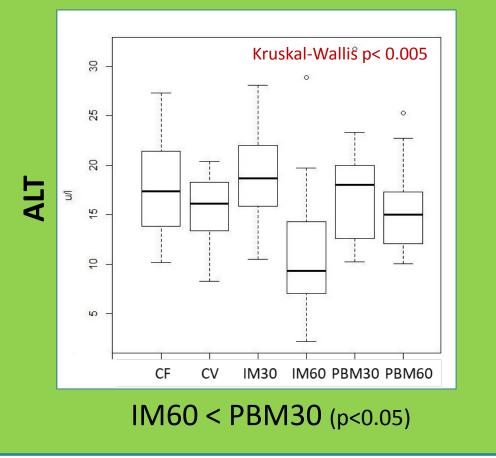






No difference

All groups >CF (p<0.05, except PBM30)



GROWTH

no significant difference respect to ingredients and inclusion levels; SGR and FCR are better in IM and PBM groups than in CV group

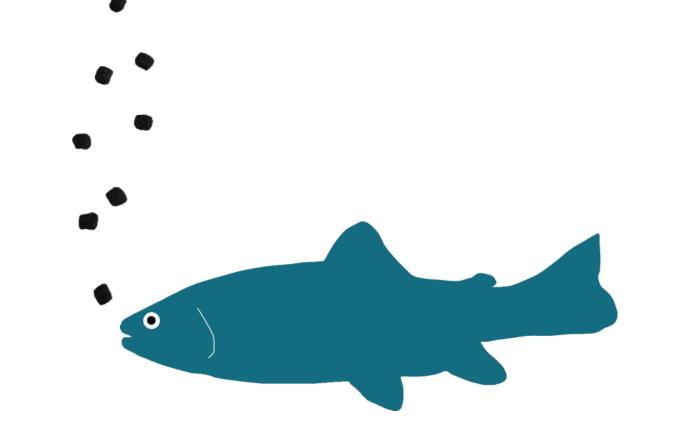
PHYSIOLOGICAL RESPONSE

Irrespective of the diet fed, cortisol and metabolites are within the normal range, suggesting that fish are unstressed and in a good nutritional and welfare status^{2,3}

DIET INGREDIENTS

Replacing up to 60% vegetable protein in the diet by protein supplied by INSECT or POULTRY byproduct meals is suitable for the rainbow trout.

Further long lasting feeding trials are needed to refine estimates of optimal inclusion levels of both test ingredients in diets low in fish protein.



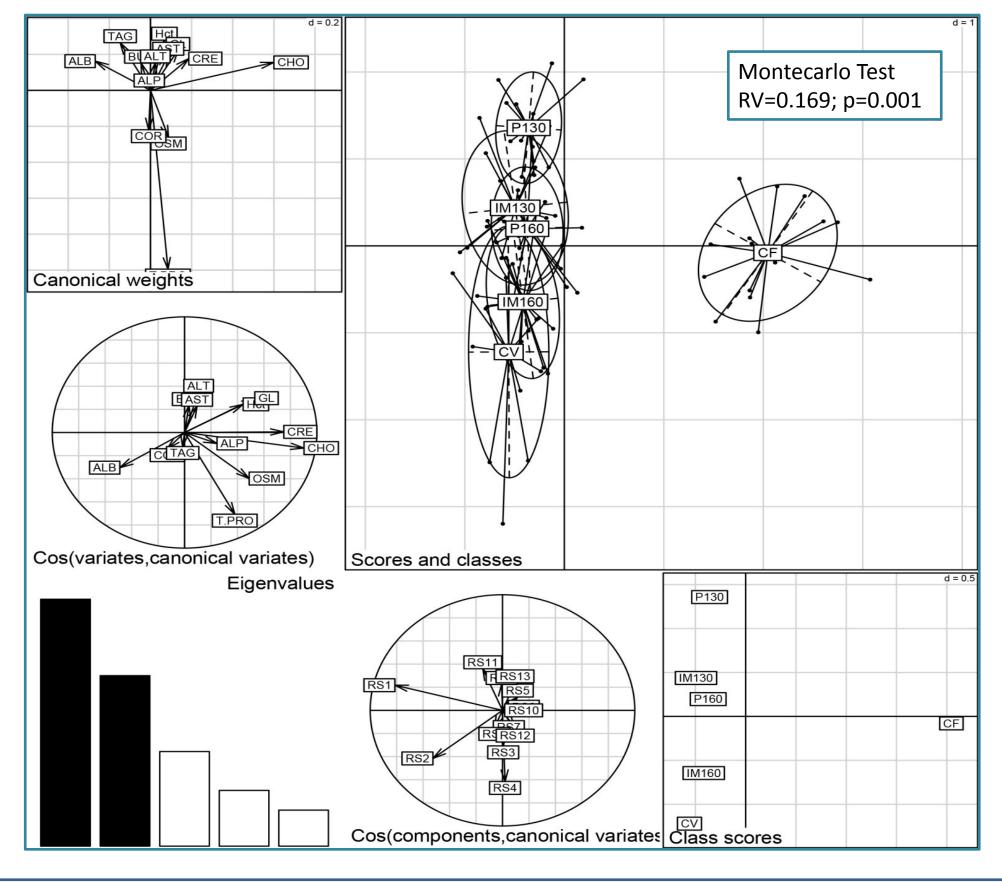
GROWTH PERFORMANCE

	FBW	SGR	FI	FCR	HSI
CV	227.9±3.4	1.57±0.01 ^a	2.02±0.02	0.80±0.01 ^a	1.28±0.13 ^a
IM30	239.1±2.3	1.63±0.01bc	2.04±0.02	0.76±0.01b	1.27±0.15 ^a
IM60	241.0±4.8	1.63±0.01bc	2.05±0.04	0.76±0.01b	1.30±0.18ab
PBM30	240.0±2.4	1.64±0.01bc	2.06±0.03	0.76±0.01b	1.48±0.21b
PBM60	244.0±2.0	1.66±0.01 ^c	2.07±0.03	0.75±0.01b	1.44±0.21 ^{ab}
CF	231.2±4.5	1.61±0.01 ^{ab}	2.00±0.03	0.78±0.01ab	1.90±0.29 ^c

FBW final body weight (g); SGR Specific growth rate (%/d); FI Feed intake (g/fish*d); FCR Feed conversion ratio; HSI hepatosomatic index. Different letters indicate significant differences among diets (P < 0.05)

DISCRIMINANT ANALYSIS

- CF group is significantly discriminated from others
- CV, IM60, PBM60, IM30, PBM30 are placed along a physiological gradient according to CHO, TP, TAG
- PBM30 group shows a slight lower metabolic profile than all other group



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References

- 1 Di Marco et al., 2017. Aquaculture 471:92-105 2 Manera and Britti. 2006. J. Fish Biol. 69: 1427–1434
- 3 Pinedo-Gil., et al., 2019. Aquaculture 501:32-38.